RAISINA BENGALI SCHOOL MANDIR MARG, N. DELHI

CLASS-II - MATHS

SUMMER HOLIDAY HOME-WORK

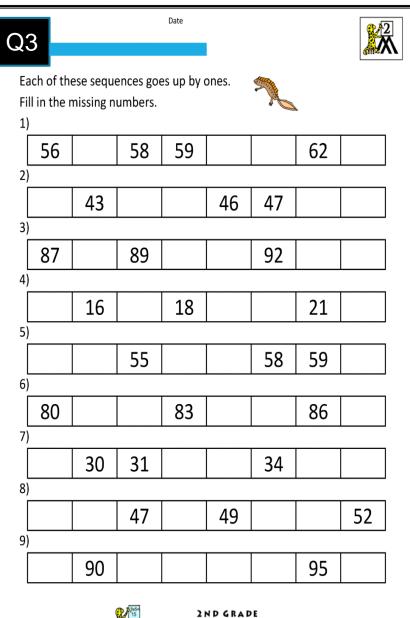
- Children, a lesson wise summer holiday home work is set for you.
- Do all this work in a separate thin notebook for Maths or if not available, you can do it in your Maths notebook itself.
- Do all the work very neatly and properly .

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Parents/ Elders, kindly help the children understand the questions and do the work properly.

L-1 NUMBE	RS UPTO 999
Q1 SUB: MATHEMATICS Write the number names 101: One Hundred and One	Numbers In Standard Form – 1 Number Spellings e the numbers in words on the left column of the table. Write the number in standard form (in numerals), in the space provided on the right column of the table. First one and the last are done as examples to help you begin.
101. One Hundred and One	Number in words (number spellings) Standard form
152	One Hundred Sixty Two 162
251:	Two hundred forty six
212:	Seven hundred ninety seven
311:	Two hundred twenty six
374:	Four hundred ninety nine
452:	Five hundreds
483:	Twenty six
574:	Ninety eight
582:	Six hundred fifty five
622:	Two hundred seven
791:	Nine hundred one
727:	Nine hundred seventy nine 979
881:	Worksheets by: Gura Anged Educetional

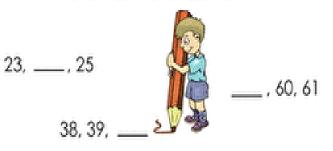


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Before and After

Q5 Before, After and Between

Fill in the missing numbers that come before, after or between the numbers shown.

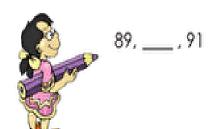


_____ , 12, 13

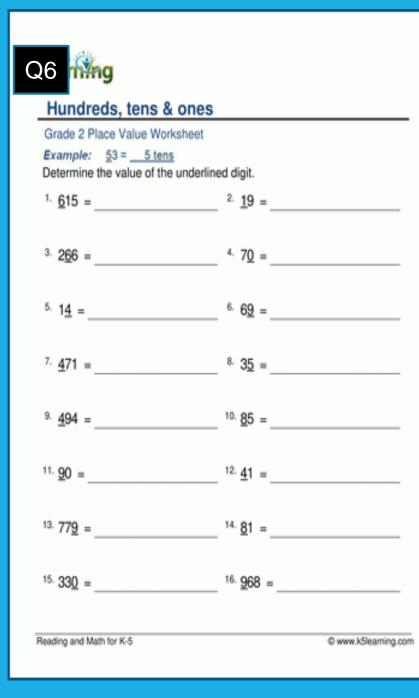
46, 47, ____

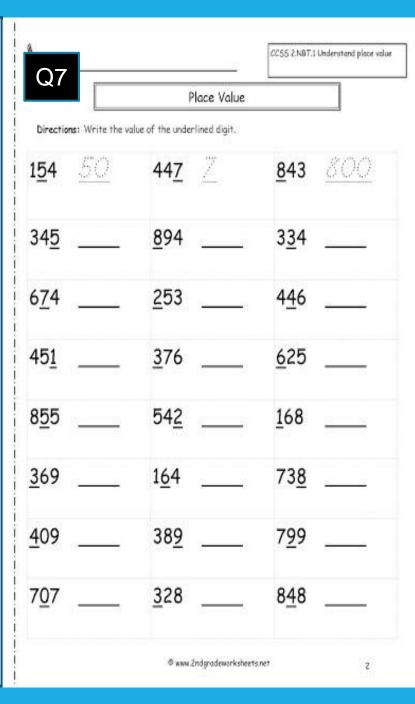
19, ____, 21

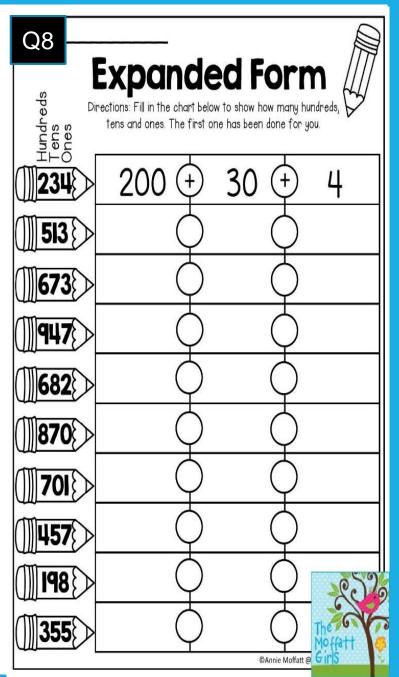
_____ , 55, _____

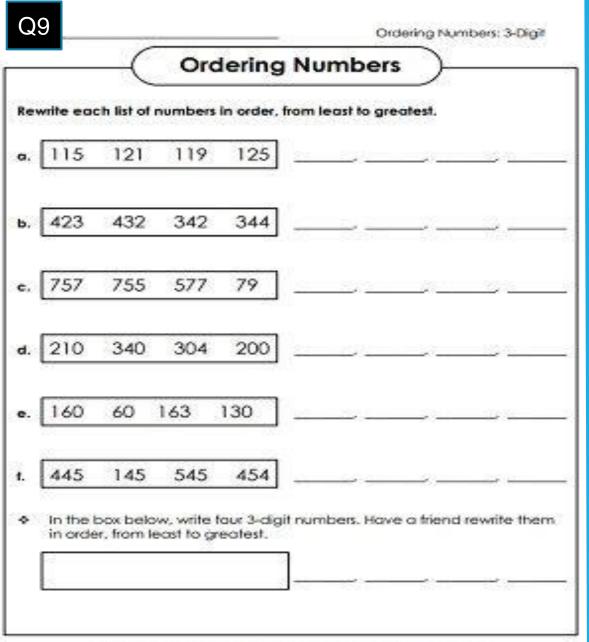


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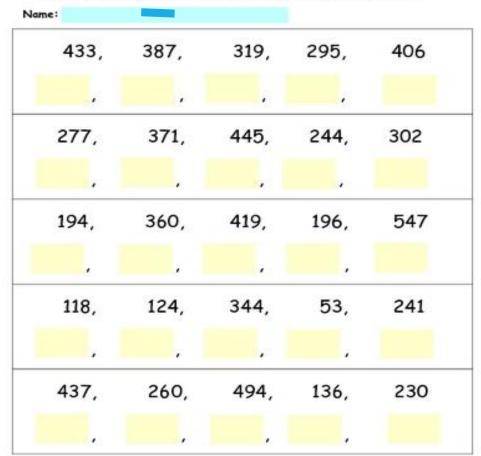




I save trees, I use virtual worksheets,

Save this file and use it offline, by simply clicking on the colored area. Save Paper & Trees, if you wish you can also print this document for later use,

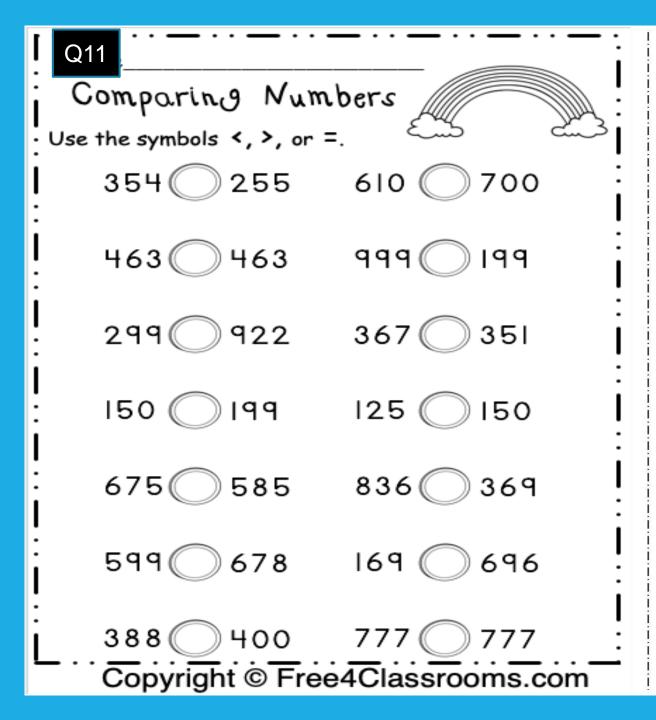




For more worksheet you can log on to www.mathebook.net

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Super Teacher Worksheets + http://www.superteacherworksheets.com



Q12

Even or Odd

Directions: Complete the problems below.

1. Circle the odd numbers below.

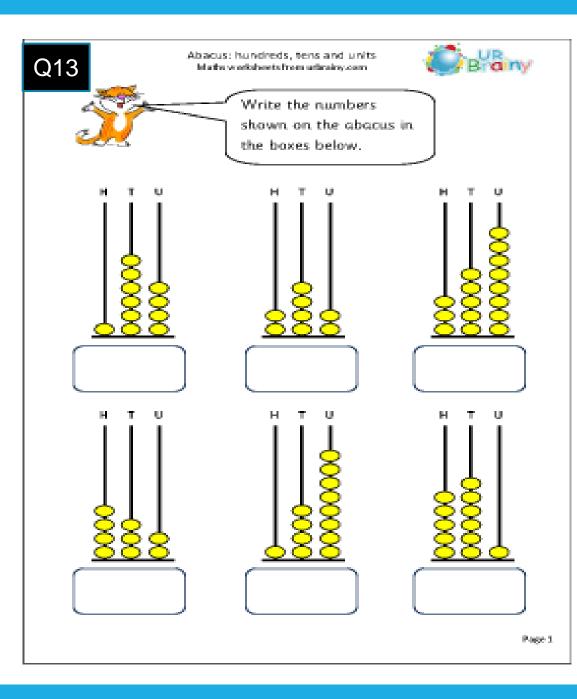
16	255	8	42	37	89	630	10
94	77	36	448	81	19	543	48

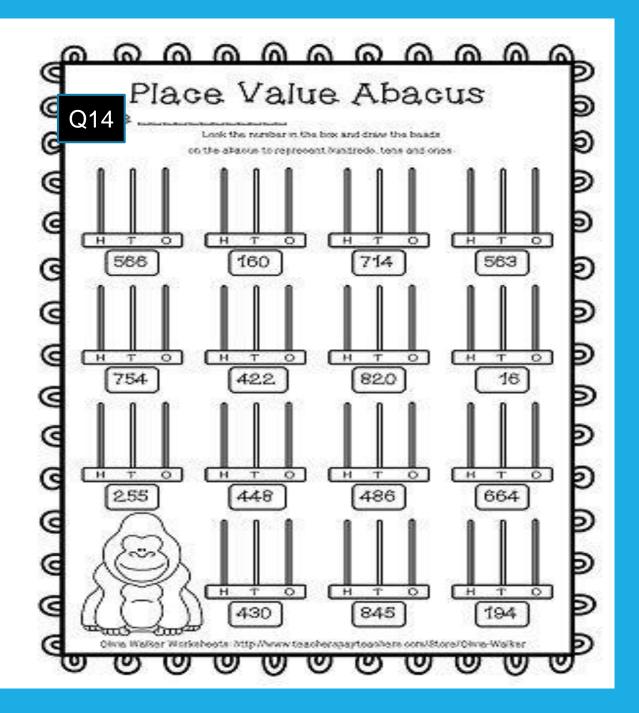
2. Circle the even numbers below.

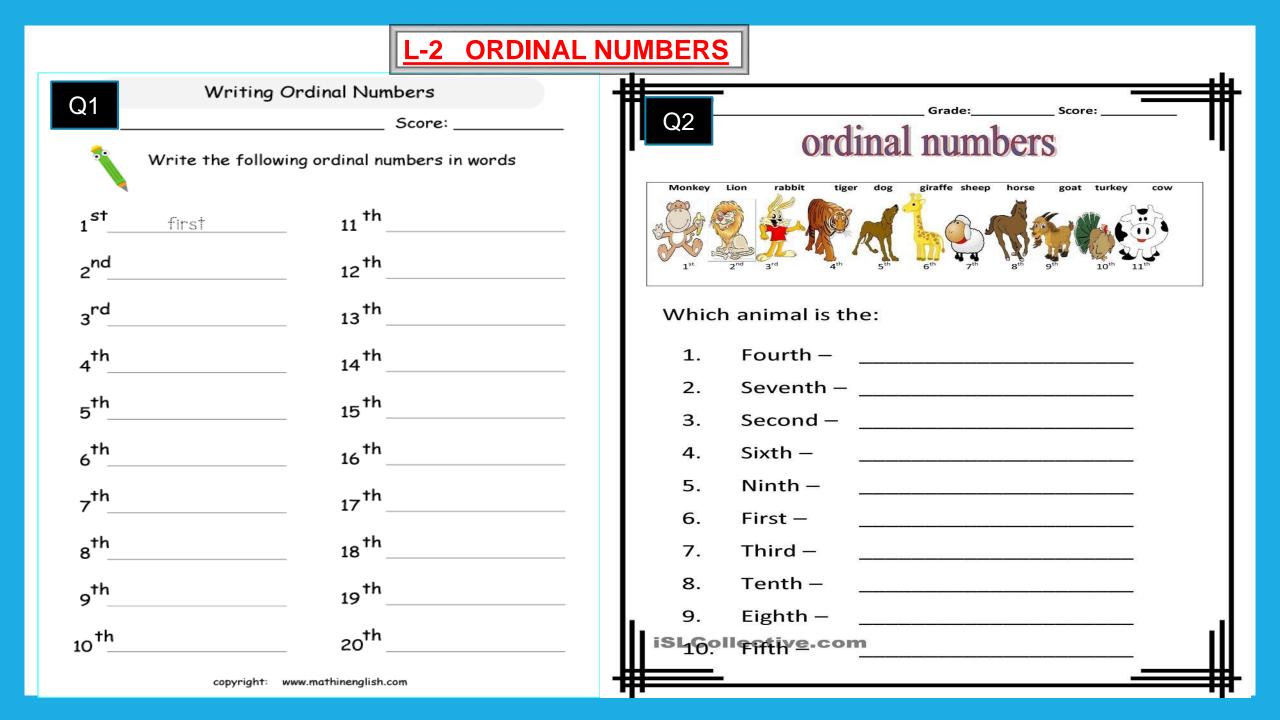
84	43	38	920	71	62	346	95
11	32	472	23	527	58	90	47

3. Color the even numbers blue. Color the odd numbers red.

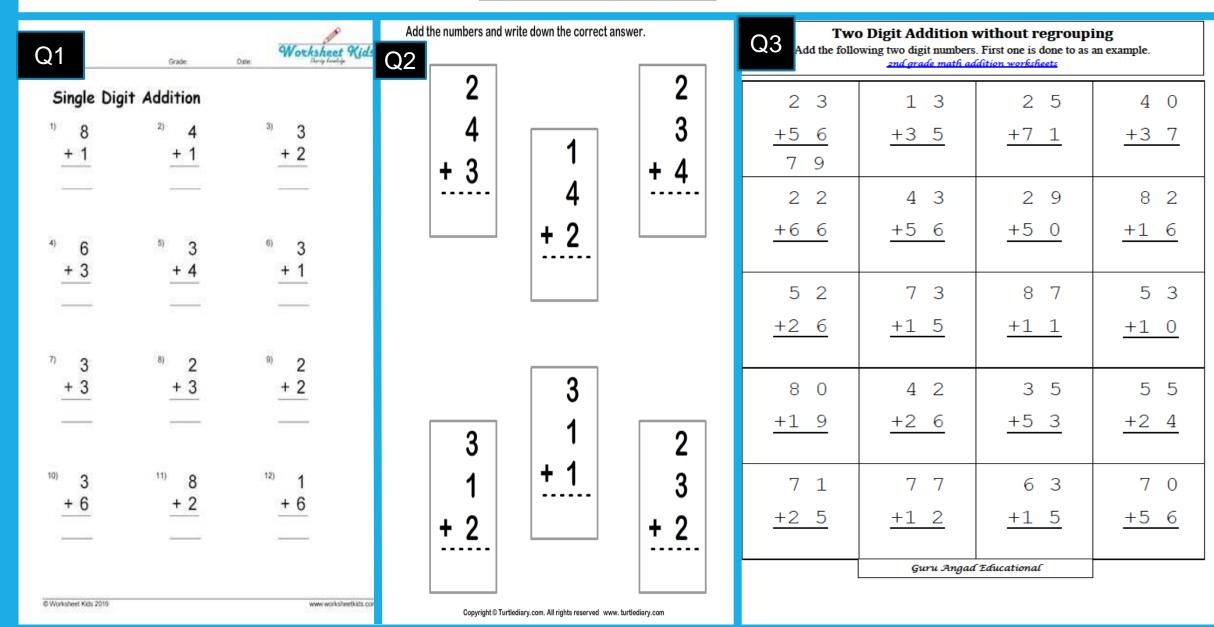
34	45	38	437	24	372	358
50	29	734	531	33	50	59
452	326	42	39	451	946	129
18	97	208	55	7	98	47
6	3	22	83	30	774	342







L-3 ADDITION



Q4.

Date

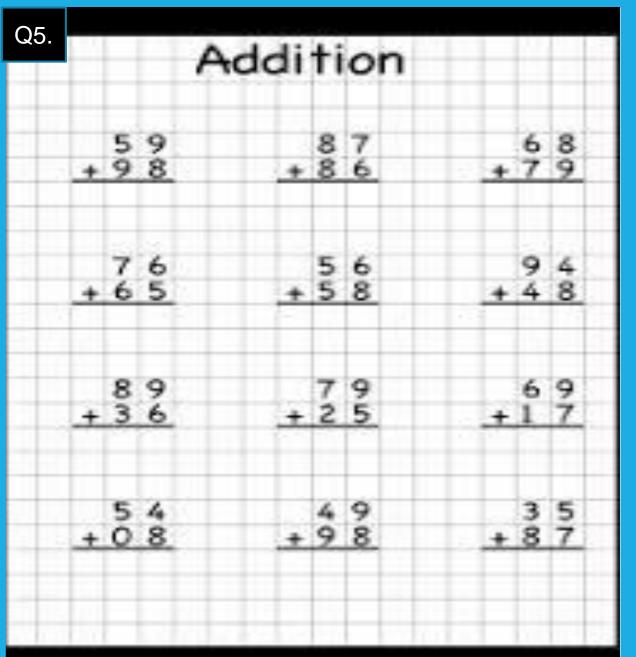


2 DIGIT ADDITION WITH REGROUPING (ONES) SHEET 1

Remember to add the ones first and then regroup them into a ten and ones.

¹⁾ 18	⁶⁾ 24	¹¹⁾ 27
+ 14	+16	+ 23
²⁾ 35	⁷⁾ 16	¹²⁾ 36
+ 25	+ 25	+ 26
³⁾ 17	⁸⁾ 27	¹³⁾ 27
+ 17	+ 25	+ 15
4) 45	⁹⁾ 14	¹⁴⁾ 39
+ 26	+ 28	+ 34
⁵⁾ 39	¹⁰⁾ 38	¹⁵⁾ 54
+ 12	+ 35	+ 27





ddition Properties	
Add numbers in any order The sum is the same. 2 + 1 = 3 $1 + 2$	= 3 Add zero to any number. The sum is that number. 5 + 0 = 5
idd. 1. $\frac{4}{\frac{+5}{9}}$ $\frac{+4}{9}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } 2. & 9 & 0 \\ \underline{+ 0} & \underline{+ 9} \end{array}$
3. $\begin{array}{ccc} 6 & 3 \\ +3 & +6 \end{array}$	4. 0 + 1 = 1 + 0 =
5. 3 + 5 =	6. 0 + 7 =

 Frank has 3 toy cars in his left hand and 4 toy cars in his right hand. How many toy cars does he have in all?

Does it matter if you count the toys in the left hand or right hand first? Explain your answer. • Q7.

Date



3-DIGIT ADDITION (NO REGROUPING) SHEET 1

Have a go at these 3-digit addition problems with no regrouping.

1)			3) +		
5)			7) +		
9)			11) +		
13)			15) +		
17)			19) +		
21)			23)		





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Q6.

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3 DIGIT ADDITION SHEET 1



1) + .		2) + _		3) +	505 165	4) +	356 129
5) + .	427 344	6) + _	308 126	7) +	625 133		357 326
9) + .	253 129	10) + _	438 217	11) +	326 108	12) +	
13) +		14) +	528 66	-	426	16) +	
17) +	608 172	18) +	179 518	19) +	342 156	-	

Date

Remember to add the ones first, then the tens and then the hundreds. Shade the biggest answer green and the smallest answer yellow.



Q	9.		-	_	-	n.		Ret IN	• 1-	-	-	
T.		AD	DETTOR	+ THR				THIC	LRF	NOV	ER)	-
	н	T	0		н	т	0			H	T	0
	4	ч	1		5	2	3			2	2	7
•	3	6	7	•	-	8	9		•	5	3	9
	Ĥ	Ŧ	0		н	T	0			н	-	0
	8	7	8		3	8	5			2	3	4
•	1	0	5		5	q	6		+	5	4	9
	н	т	0		н	т	0			н	Ŧ	0
	2	8	1		4	4	4			3	5	6
•			7		3	8	8		+	2	7	6

Q10

Word Problems

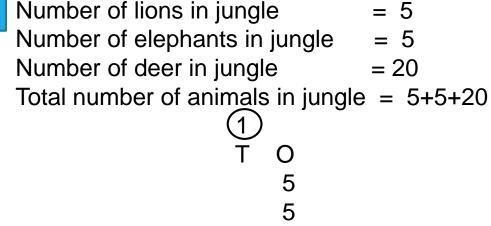
- In a jungle, there are 5 lions, 5 elephants 13and 20 deer. How many animals are there in the jungle?
- Peter has two boxes of chocolates. There are 25 chocolates in one box and 15 in another. How many chocolates does he have in all?
- Sam went to a park. 3 girls were already. playing there. 2 more boys came later. How many children are there in the park. now?
- Sona buys 10 pencils. Mona buys 2 more 4) pencils than what Sona bought. How many pencils they have altogether?
- Ram has 6 blue, 7 red and 8 yellow balls. 5) How many balls does he have?
- There are 34 roses and 45 sunflowers in my garden. How many flowers are there in all?
- 7) -John weights 22 kilograms. Mary weights 17 kilograms. How much they weigh altogether?

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Children, you are suppose to do the word problems like this in the notebook. have done the first one for you as an

= 20

example.



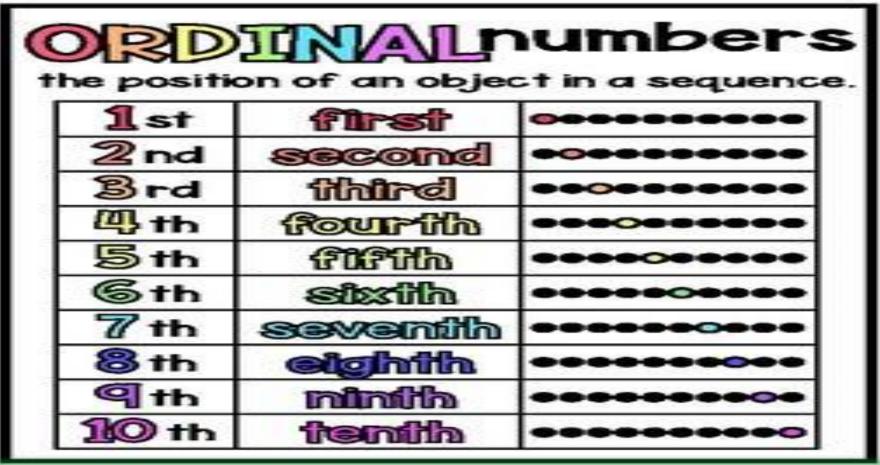
Ans. There are 30 animals in the jungle.

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- Make a chart of Ordinal Numbers like the following but you will make the chart for Ordinal Numbers from 1st to 20th. You can make smilles or stick bindis or any picture of your choice, in place of these circles and to show the position use a different colour smiley or bindi.
- ✓ If chart is not available use any sheet that you have . Decorate and make a

beautiful chart.



Children, we have already done tables from 1 to 5 in class-I. Now you will have to learn tables from 6 to 12 in class- II. So, in your summer vacations, you can learn them.

♦ <u>LEARN WITH FUN –</u>

- Make a TABLE-BOOK for tables 2 to <u>12.</u>
- For your help, I am providing you a link of an example of table-book. You can make your own table-book with your own creativity.
- The link is provided separately.

times tables 1 to 12 - Scottish Method -

1 times table	2 times table	3 times table	4 times table
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$2 \times 1 = 2$ $2 \times 2 = 4$ $2 \times 3 = 6$ $2 \times 4 = 8$ $2 \times 5 = 10$ $2 \times 6 = 12$ $2 \times 7 = 14$ $2 \times 8 = 16$ $2 \times 9 = 18$ $2 \times 10 = 20$ $2 \times 11 = 22$ $2 \times 12 = 24$	$3 \times 1 = 3$ $3 \times 2 = 6$ $3 \times 3 = 9$ $3 \times 4 = 12$ $3 \times 5 = 15$ $3 \times 6 = 18$ $3 \times 7 = 21$ $3 \times 8 = 24$ $3 \times 9 = 27$ $3 \times 10 = 30$ $3 \times 11 = 33$ $3 \times 12 = 36$	$4 \times 1 = 4 4 \times 2 = 8 4 \times 3 = 12 4 \times 4 = 16 4 \times 5 = 20 4 \times 6 = 24 4 \times 7 = 28 4 \times 8 = 32 4 \times 9 = 36 4 \times 10 = 40 4 \times 11 = 44 4 \times 12 = 48$
5 times table	6 times table	7 times table	8 times table
$5 \times 1 = 5$ $5 \times 2 = 10$ $5 \times 3 = 15$ $5 \times 4 = 20$ $5 \times 5 = 25$ $5 \times 6 = 30$ $5 \times 7 = 35$ $5 \times 8 = 40$ $5 \times 9 = 45$ $5 \times 10 = 50$ $5 \times 11 = 55$ $5 \times 12 = 60$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ \times \\ 1 \\ = \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 2 \\ = \\ 12 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 3 \\ = \\ 18 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 4 \\ = \\ 24 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 5 \\ = \\ 30 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 5 \\ = \\ 30 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 7 \\ = \\ 42 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 8 \\ = \\ 48 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 9 \\ = \\ 54 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 10 \\ = \\ 60 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 11 \\ = \\ 66 \\ 6 \\ \times \\ 12 \\ = \\ 72 \end{array}$	$7 \times 1 = 7$ $7 \times 2 = 14$ $7 \times 3 = 21$ $7 \times 4 = 28$ $7 \times 5 = 35$ $7 \times 6 = 42$ $7 \times 7 = 49$ $7 \times 8 = 56$ $7 \times 9 = 63$ $7 \times 10 = 70$ $7 \times 11 = 77$ $7 \times 12 = 84$	8 × 1 = 8 8 × 2 = 16 8 × 3 = 24 8 × 4 = 32 8 × 5 = 40 8 × 6 = 48 8 × 7 = 56 8 × 8 = 64 8 × 9 = 72 8 × 10 = 80 8 × 11 = 88 8 × 12 = 96
O times table	10 times table	11 times table	12 times table
9 times table 9 \times 1 = 9 9 \times 2 = 18 9 \times 3 = 27 9 \times 4 = 36 9 \times 5 = 45 9 \times 6 = 54 9 \times 7 = 63 9 \times 8 = 72 9 \times 9 = 81 9 \times 10 = 90 9 \times 11 = 99 9 \times 12 = 108	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 times table $11 \times 1 = 11$ $11 \times 2 = 22$ $11 \times 3 = 33$ $11 \times 4 = 44$ $11 \times 5 = 55$ $11 \times 6 = 66$ $11 \times 7 = 77$ $11 \times 8 = 88$ $11 \times 9 = 99$ $11 \times 10 = 110$ $11 \times 11 = 121$ $11 \times 12 = 132$	12 times table $12 \times 1 = 12$ $12 \times 2 = 24$ $12 \times 3 = 36$ $12 \times 4 = 48$ $12 \times 5 = 60$ $12 \times 6 = 72$ $12 \times 6 = 72$ $12 \times 7 = 84$ $12 \times 8 = 96$ $12 \times 9 = 108$ $12 \times 10 = 120$ $12 \times 11 = 132$ $12 \times 12 = 144$

STAY HOME , STAY SAFE ...!



Happy Holidays!